

Where we are? Where we want to be?

2024, the year after UNHLM

37th BOARD MEETING

STOP TB PARTNERSHIP

BRASILIA, BRAZIL

6-8 FEBRUARY 2024 END TR Part 1: Suvanand Sahu Part 2: Lucica Ditiu



Part 1





Stop TB efforts to support countries in achieving UNHLM commitments

• Abridged version of UNHLM Political Declaration



Abridged version of The Political Declaration of the UN High-Level Meeting on the fight against tuberculosis

Adopted by the 78th session of the UN General Assembly on 5th October 2023. Document: A/78/L.4 https://www.stoptb.org/un-high-level-meetingtb/un-high-level-meeting-tb-2023

• Country shares of global UNHLM treatment targets







UNHLM Treatment Targets

During 2023-2027

- up to 45 million people treated for TB
 - up to **4.5** million children treated for TB
 - up to **1.5** million people treated for drug-resistant TB
- up to 45 million people treated with TB preventive treatment, including:
 - 30 million household contacts, and
 - **15** million people living with HIV
- >90% of TB diagnosed & treated
 - All diagnosed initially tested with rapid molecular tests,
- >90% at high risk people are provided with preventive treatment,



Country by country achieving global UNHLM TB treatment targets



- Stop TB developed, published and is sharing the estimated country shares of the UNHLM treatment targets for TB, DR-TB, children with TB and TPT
- To trigger discussions and support countries with target setting, planning and monitoring
- Top 10 countries account for 76% of the UNHLM global TB treatment targets





UNHLM treatment targets are ambitious, but possible to achieve

UNHLM targets by year Projected numbers of people diagnosed and put on TB treatment, global



- UNHLM TB treatment target for 2023 at global level is likely to be met
 - Big high burden countries have finalized TB notifications
 - Need to wait for reporting on other treatment targets (DR-TB, child TB, TPT)
- 2024 target is even higher





All time high TB diagnosis and treatment in 2022



- Full recovery from Covid impact
- 2022 was the highest ever TB notification at global level
- 2023 was even better than 2022
 - likely over 8 million (estimate done by Stop TB)
 - will meet UNHLM target for 2023, or come very close
- TB programs and Partners deserve an applaud for their hard work, resilience, innovative approaches and achievements





Ending TB: Progress against TB-related SDG targets

• Both targets are off track







Ending TB: More effort needed to bend the curve



 \rightarrow TB



Ending TB: More effort needed to bend the curve



 Focus on diagnosis and treatment is excellent but to dramatically decrease TB incidence we need to also focus on early diagnosis and prevention (including TPT, nutrition, vaccine)





It is possible to reduce TB incidence



- We are almost halfway towards SDG targets (7 years gone and 7 years remaining)
- TB incidence has decreased in 18 TB high burden countries and in some of them substantially (20 to 50%)
 - These countries are showing that it is possible to rapidly reduce TB incidence

YES, WE CAN END TB GLOBALLY

IF MORE COUNTRIES SUCCEED TO DECREASE TB INCIDENCE





Exciting innovations – making possible the impossible



POSSIBLE

Past

X-ray screening difficult

- machine not accessible
- radiologist needed

DR-TB difficult to treat

- 18 months
- several drugs, toxic

Slow progress on vaccine

Present

Ultraportable X-ray with AI

- X-ray in the community
- large scale screening possible

Easy treatment for DR-TB

- 6 months, ambulatory
- 3 to 4 drugs orally

5 candidate vaccines in phase 3



Future

More digital tools & diagnostics

- Al cough apps
- Non sputum tests

Shorter, simpler treatment

- One month treatment
- Single-dose long acting inj

Vaccine coming soon





Community, Rights, Gender (CRG)

- CRG assessments have led to CRG action plans
- Now is the time to fund and implement CRG action plans and monitor progress
- Community Led Monitoring (CLM) is the priority now to ensure equity in access and end stigma
 - A separate Board session will cover this area







Insufficient resources is a major challenge



TB care & prevention (per year) R&D of new tools (per year)



- Available resources need to be increased a few fold to meet UNHLM commitments
- Momentum will be lost if funding is not made available at this critical stage





Part 2





We have LEADERS to end TB!

- March 2023: Board witnessed the leadership of PM Modi on TB in India
 - President of Indonesia and President of the Philippines
- UNGA, NY: Launch of Coalition of Leaders against TB with 7 countries
- February 2024 : President Brazil launch the Programme for Elimination TB and other socially determined diseases
 - At least 2 new Presidents joining







2024 focus areas







TB

Opportunities in 2024

World TB Day	 Stop TB Regional meetings: 6 2 in Asia: March, Manila; Nov Jakarta 1 in EECA: June, Tashkent 2 in Africa: April, Yaounde; Oct, Nairobi 		World Bank/IMF Spring Meetings, 19- 21 April & Oct		African Union Extraordinary Summit on Health, May		World Health Assembly, 27 May– 1 June, Geneva	
Global Health Security Conference, 18-21 June, Sydney	UNGA & U AMR, 10-24	NHLM on			G7 Ministerial Meeting Health, 9-11 October		G20, Joint Finance & Health Ministerial Meeting, 31 Oct, Rio de Janeiro	
Nutrition events • 24-28 June, Rwanda (SUN Global Gathering); • October, Paris (N4G Summit)		The Union World Conference on Lung Health 2024, (Nov) Bali		Global Fund Board Meetings • 22-24 April • 19-22 November		Stop TB Board Meeting, December		
37 th Board Meeting • Brasilia, Brazil • 6–8 February 2024								



Thank you



 \rightarrow **END TB**